

**ASUHAN KEPERAWATAN MEDIKAL BEDAH  
DENGAN GANGGUAN SISTEM MUSKULOSKELETAL DENGAN MASALAH  
KEPERAWATAN UTAMA NYERI AKUT PADA NY.S DI RUANG MARIA 8  
RS. SUAKA INSAN BANJARMASIN**

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**INTISARI**

**Latar Belakang :** Indonesia merupakan negara terbesar di Asia Tenggara yang mengalami kejadian fraktur terbanyak sebesar 1,3 juta setiap tahunnya dari jumlah penduduknya yaitu berkisar 238 juta. Kasus fraktur di Indonesia mencapai prevalensi sebesar 5,5% (Kemenkes RI, 2019). Fraktur dapat menyebabkan banyak masalah jika tidak segera ditangani, seperti trauma pada saraf, trauma pembuluh darah, komplikasi pada tulang, dan dapat menimbulkan emboli tulang.

**Tujuan penelitian :** Melaksanakan dan melakukan asuhan keperawatan pada Ny.S dengan diagnosis medis close fraktur radius di ruang maria 8 Rs. Suaka insan banjarmasin

**Metode Penelitian :** Jenis Penelitian yang digunakan Memberikan asuhan keperawatan medikal bedah Pada Ny.S dengan diagnosis close fraktur radius dextra

**Hasil :** Hasil evaluasi keperawatan pada Ny.S dengan diagngosis medis Close Fraktur Radius Dextra disesuaikan dengan diagnosis keperawatan yaitu nyeri akut berhubungan dengan agen pencedera fisik (prosedur operasi), Ketidakstabilan Kadar Glukosa Darah dan Resiko Infeksi dengan faktor resiko : efek prosedur invasif. Evaluasi yang telah diterapkan selama tiga hari sesuai dengan teori didapatkan tiga diagnosa yang belum berhasil diatasi yaitu nyeri akut berhubungan dengan agen pencedera fisik (prosedur operasi) dan Ketidakstabilan Kadar Glukosa Darah

**Kesimpulan :** berdasarkan hasil studi kasus dan pembahasan maka dapat disimpulkan selama tiga hari sesuai dengan teori didapatkan tiga diagnosa yang belum berhasil diatasi yaitu nyeri akut berhubungan dengan agen pencedera fisik (prosedur operasi) dan Ketidakstabilan Kadar Glukosa Darah

**Kata Kunci :** *close fraktur radius, Masalah keperawatan utama Nyeri Akut*

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1 Mahasiswa Tinggi Ilmu Kesehatan Suaka Insan Banjarmasin

2 Dosen Sekolah Tinggi Ilmu Kesehatan Suaka Insan Banjarmasin

**MEDICAL-SURGICAL NURSING CARE**  
**WITH DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM, WITH MAJOR**  
**NURSING PROBLEMS, ACUTE PAIN IN NY. S IN MARIA ROOM 8 RS.**  
**BANJARMASIN ASYLUM**

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***ABSTRACT***

**Background:** Indonesia is the largest country in Southeast Asia that experiences the most fracture occurrences of 1.3 million every year out of its population of around 238 million. Fracture cases in Indonesia have reached a prevalence of 5.5% (Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, 2019). Fractures can cause many problems if not treated immediately, such as trauma to nerves, vascular trauma, complications in bones, and can lead to bone embolism.

**Research objectives:** To carry out and carry out nursing care for Mrs. S with a medical diagnosis of close radius fracture in room Maria 8 Rs. Suaka Insan Banjarmasin

**Research Method:** Type of Research Used Providing medical-surgical nursing care to Mrs. S with a close diagnosis of dextra radius fracture

**Results:** The results of the nursing evaluation on Mrs. S with medical diagnosis Close Dextra Radius Fracture were adjusted to the nursing diagnosis, namely acute pain related to physical injury agents (surgical procedures), instability of blood glucose levels and risk of infection with risk factors: effects of invasive procedures. The evaluation that has been implemented for three days according to the theory obtained three diagnoses that have not been successfully overcome, namely acute pain related to physical injury agents (surgical procedures) and Instability of Blood Glucose Levels

**Conclusion:** based on the results of the case study and discussion, it can be concluded for three days in accordance with the theory that three diagnoses have not been successfully overcome, namely acute pain related to physical injury agents (surgical procedures) and Instability of Blood Glucose Levels

**Keywords :** *close radius fracture*, Main nursing problem Acute pain

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